

MORAVEC recognized RASHEED's priority in establishing the combination *C. tenuissima*.

SKRJABIN, K. I., A. A. SOOLEV, and V. M. IVASHKIN (1967): [Principles of Nematology. Vol. 19. Spirurata of animals and man and the diseases caused by them. Part 5 (Addendum).] [ed. K. I. SKRJABIN] Izdatelstvo "Nauka", Moscow. 239 pp. (In Russian.)

A description of *Rhabdochona salvelini* FUJITA, 1927, based on FUJITA (1927a), was given. The host was incorrectly cited as "gigi" instead of "iwana" (*Salvelinus pluvius*). The scientific name of "gigi" was given by FUJITA (1927b) as *Fluvidraco nudiceps* (a member of the family Bagridae, now known as *Pelteobagrus nudiceps* according to Y. OKADA (1960).

#### RESEARCH NOTE . . .

### One more case of human infection with *Diplogonoporus grandis*

56 year old man in Shizuoka Prefecture discharged a tapeworm in the beginning of April of 1967. Before the discharge, the patient suffered from diarrhoe, loss of weight and fatigue. The patient was treated with Bitin 15 tab. and magnesium sulfate 15 gr, and discharged a worm 100 cm in length. On the 6th of July, he was again treated with the same medicine, and discharged the same type of worm. Structure; Scolex absent. The body length 195 cm in the fixed material with formalin. The width 7-14 mm, the thickness 1.5-2 mm. The length of one segment 0.25-0.8 mm. The furrows of the

body surface and the structure of the genital organs agree with *Diplogonoporus grandis*. Each segment always possessed two pairs of genital organs. Sometimes, a third pair was observed. The uteri had nearly attained full growth, so the eggs were observed. However, sometimes an immature uterus was recognized in those segments having three pairs of genital organs. The egg is  $56.3-65 \times 40-45 \mu$  in size (20 eggs calculated). Marine fishes are a favorite dish of the patient. Usually, he eats the fish raw, particularly butterfish and sunfish.

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